AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL

The Business of the Navy Department Is More Than Six Months in Arrears,

And Secretary Whitney's Successor Is Likely to Find Plenty of Work-A Millionaire Talks Real Estate with Mrs. Cleveland.

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Its Business Is Far Behind, and Whitney's Successor Will Have Plenty of Work.

Special to the Indianapolls Journa. WASHINGTON, Nov. Nov. 24. - Unless Secretary Whitney is very industrious during the next three months, his successor in office will get more work than he bargained for, as the routine business of the Navy Department is full six or eight months behind, and in the utmost confusion. The only things that have received attention from Whitney are, first, the entertainment of his friends. which takes the greatest part of his time; the construction of the new cruisers, and the use of the navy yards for political purposes. His deak is loaded with letters that should have been answered months ago, with proceedings of courtsmartial that require his review and approval before the sentences can go into effect; the records of examining boards who have recommended the retirement or promotion of officers or have advised repairs or alterations upon ships, and the discipline and esprit du corps of the navy is suffering from his neglect. For example, there are a dozen or more officers and more than a hundred seamen who have been tried by court-martial during the last six or eight months and are still under arrest without knowing officially whether they have been convicted or acquitted, or what their sentence is, because the records of such courts-martial must be reviewed and approved by the Secretary of the Navy. To the new cruisers the Secretary has paid considerable attention, and from the passage of the appropriation bills, last summer, until the election the navy-yards all over the country were busy, under his direction, making repairs. So much was done to furnish employment for able-bodied voters that the appropriation for the entire year was almost exhausted in three months, and ships will have to go without repairs until the 1st of next July, unless a deficiency bill is passed. Some funny stories are told, also, about purchases made just the election by the department; at the Norfolk yard, for instance, a large number of statesmen who owned kept busy hauling moulding sand until the supply on hand, at present, is more than a thousand tons-enough to last the rest of the century. At the Boston navy yard 3,700 gallons of lubricating oil were purchased, when only thirty-seven gallons were called for. This is alleged to have been a blunder, however, but the government has to pay for it, all the same.

COL. JAMISON.

A Jolly Millionaire Who Bantered Mrs. Cleveland About Buying Oak View. secial to the Indianaports Journal

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Colonel Jamison, of Philadelphia, is a millionaire who likes to spend his money in furnishing enjoyment for people who have not the wealth at their disposal he possesses. Colonel Jamison has on several oceasions chartered a car, filled it full of young married people, and given them an extremely enjoyable trip across the continent. He is the owner of the tally-ho coach, which he placed at the disposal of Mrs. Cleveland during one of her visits to Philadelphia some time ago, and which that lady used with a great deal of pleasure. Last week the Colonel brought a party of young people from Philadelphia to Washington. They remained here four or five days, and during their stay the Colonel Mrs. Cleveland to pay called upon his respects. That lady, remembering the pleasure which she had received at his hands, at once invited his party to dine with her at Oak View, and one of the most pleasant little gatherings of the season met at the pretty country place on the Tenallytown road in response to the invitations. Colonel Jamison jokingly asked Mrs. Cleveland what she would ask for Oak View, and she, in response, asked him what he would give. He said that it was not businesslike for the buyer to make an offer until he had heard the figure of the seiler. Mrs. Cleveland insisted that he should name the price that he was willing to give, and he replied: "That would never do, for if I should offer you \$200,000 for the place, for instance, you see I would commit myself to that figure." Mrs. Cleveland was not to be trapped into fix-

ing a lower figure by any such move as this. She responded: "Yes, and if I should tell you that we would sell it to you for \$225,000 we

should be committed to that figure. No further offers were made. Colonel Jamison remarked during the conversation that Mrs. Cleveland must feel some regret over the fact that her busband had not been re-elected. The lady replied that for her husband she felt some regret, but that as for herself there was some compensation, as out of official life she would have the opportunity, which had so long been denied her, of becoming thoroughly acquainted with the man to whom her lot in life was joined.

MINOR MATTERS.

Estimates for Expenses of the Postal Service for the Year Ending June 30, 1890. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The estimates for appropriations for the postal service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1890, have been submitted by the Postmaster-general to the Secretary of the Treasury. The total amount aggregates \$66,812,073, as against \$60,860,233, which is the appropriation for the present fiscal year. This increase of \$5,951,839 is due mainly to the additional amount asked for the transportation by railroads, \$2,105,000, the free delivery service, \$1,000,000; the compensation for presidential postmasters, amounting to \$800,-000; and for the clerks in presidential offices, \$600,000; transportation by star routes, \$250,000. etc. There is a decrease in only two items, namely: Mail bags and mail-bag catchers, \$60, 000; locks and keys, \$10,000. These additional smounts are asked for to meet what is expected will be the probable growth and extension of the postal service. It is estimated that the revenues for the next year will show an increase over the present year of \$9,813,482, and an in-

ey for the year 1890 of \$4,403,414. Political Talk Not Wanted.

crease over the estimates for the present year

of \$4,944,424. This leaves an apparent deficien-

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24 .- An applicant for examination under the civil-service law recently requested the return of his papers, stating that he was a Democrat and knew that the party now coming into power never appointed a Democrat to office. The commission refused to return his application papers, as they were regarded part of the records, and added: "Under General Rule 3, Clause 7, it is the duty of this commission to discountenance any disclosure of political opinion by an applicant. The political remarks contained in your letter can in no manner affect the action of the commission, and are not proper matter for its files. Your letter is, therefore, returned to you herewith." Since the election the commission has received a number of letters with "political remarks," and all of them have been returned with

statements similar to that quoted above. Resigned by Request.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21 .- At the request of the gen! eral superintendent of the railway mail service, C. W. Vickery, the superintendent of the third division. with headquarters in this city, has resigned. There were no charges against him. Mr. Vickery has held the position for the past eight years, having entered the service as a postal clerk. Eugene Carreng the superintendent of mails at Baltimore, has been appointed to fill the vacancy. He will take charge on Monday. The superintendents at Chicago and San Francisco, of the nine old superintendents, are the only ones remaining in office.

Married a Congressman. .

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24 .- Representative John T. Heard, of Missouri, and Miss Lillie D. Copeland, formerly of St. Louis, were quietly married at 10 o'clock this morning, at 814 New Jersey avenue. Rev. A. W. Pitzer performed the ceremony. Only the immediate family relatives were present. Mr. and Mrs. Heard have cone to New York-for a few days, and will then return to Washington. Mr. Heard lost his first wife about two years ago.

Gen. Newberry Renominated. WASHINGTON, Nev. 24 .- The President has reap pointed General Newberry postmaster at Chicago, his nomination having failed at the last session of Con-

The Coming Inauguration. WASHINGTON, Nov. 24 .- At the meeting of the executive committee of the inaugural ceremonies,

committee. Capt. George E. Lemon, chairman of the latter committee, reported subscriptions to the guarantee fund to date, \$36,500. The amount re-

quired is \$75,000. General Brazit News.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal BRAZIL, Ind., Nov. 24 .- The Teachers' Association of Clay county will hold its sixth annual meeting in the M. E. Church on Friday, Nov. 30, and Saturday, Dec. 1. Prof. J. A. Zeller, principal of the Lafayette High-school, will lecture on Friday night. An inter esting programme has been prepared.

The social reception of the young men of Brazil, to be given by the Ladies' Auxiliary to the Y. M. C. A., on next Wednesday night, will be an event of some interest. The two orders have done good work in the city since their organization some months since.

Knightsville diverges from politics sufficiently to give on Thank sgiving night "a grand matrimonial oyster string supper," at which the acme of fun is guaranteed the buyer of a string. The year 1888 has thus far been quite active in the erection of buildings, residences, stores, churches,

Mr. H. H. Smith, who recently reached Newark, O., from San Bernardine, Cal., having trav-eled the entire distance with a bronche and cart, is in Brazil, en route to San Antonio, Tex., where he is going for his health. He tells an interesting story of his long trip. He also shows up southern California land sharks in a light not at all enviable.

Queer Actions of a New York Broker.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24 .- John R. Andrews, a wellknown stock-broker is reported to have gone to Europe last August under some what mysterious circumstances. It is said he informed his father and family that he was going to Cuttyhunk, near New Bedford, Mass., and then left for Paris. He kept his yacht and fast horses, and had a portion of the stock of the firm of Tiffany & Co., jewelers, besides being a member of the brokerage firm of A. Decordova & Co., from October 1882, to May 1885. He bought a seat in the Stock Exchange in 1887. He ran for alderman in the Twenty-first district in 1883 and was defeated. George R. Andrews, his father, has obtained an attachment for \$50,000 against his son for money advanced in 1878 to purchase an interest in Tiffany & Co. The stock certifcate, after being given to the father, was gotten back under certain representations by the son. Prior to sailing for Europe he informed his father that he had sold the \$50,000 worth of Tiffany stock, and \$100,. worth more of the stock which he had purchased with his own money. The father alleged that the seat in the Stock Exchange was sold for \$22,000 a few days ago. The object of the proceedings is to get the proceeds from the sale of the seat in the Stock Exchange, which has not yet been transferred to the

Franklin Happenings.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal FRANKLIN, Ind., Nov. 24 .- The Board of County Commissioners to-day, in response to the petition of a majority of the tax-payers of the county, appropriated the sum of \$5,000 for the purchase of a county fair ground. The grounds purchased lie west of the city and were formerly used as a fair ground. A fair will be neld the coming fail. Thanksgiving services will be held in Franklin as follows: Union service in the Christian Church, by C. H. Hall, of Franklin College; at Hurricane M. P. Church, by Rev. S. A. Bright, and of the colored people, in the A. M. E. Church, conducted by Rev.

The new Sunday-school Union held its first meeting in the M. E. Church on Friday evening, sixty members being present.

Mackey Wants Money to Build a Railroad Special to the Indianapolis Journal

RICHMOND, Ind., Nov. 21.—The Mackey syndicate, which was voted \$90,000 two years ago, provided cars were run to this city by the first of last July, on the projected Evansville & Richmond road, to-day petitioned the County Commissioners for another election on a \$115,000 subsidy the same purpose, work to begin the first of next April, and the road to be completed July 1, 1890. The prayer was granted, and Dec. 27 appointed as the date, which is two days in advance of an election previously fixed on a proposed \$11,-000 subsidy for the Richmond, College Corner & Cin-

Governor Larral se Takes a Hand. DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 24 .- The Governor has decided to take a hand in the river-land evictions and has sent the following:

"Albert E. Clark, County Attorney, Webster County,

"Dear Sir-The daily papers contain the informa-tion that federal officers have evicted quite a number of river-land settlers in your county, and that more evictions will be effected in the near future. I take this opportunity to request that you satisfy yourseif, in every instance, that none but legal measures are resorted to by the marshal and his deputies, and that you promptly take the necessary steps to restrain these officials if they should overstep their authority. WM. LARRABEE. "Yours, respectfully.

Accident at the Chicago Live-Stock Show. CHICAGO, Nov. 24 .- The exhibition at the stock show in this city, last night, was marred by an secident, which for a time, caused great excitement. A great mass of people was packed about the ring to see the display of four-in-hand coaches, which had been announced. Mr. Potter Palmer's coach was being driven in rapidly, when a hub struck a frame structure fashioned like a horse's hoof, at the entrance to the ring. Half of the arch came down with a crash, and several men were knocked to the ground and others bruised by flying debris. When order was re-stored it was found that most of those who were hurt had only suffered slight contusions or cuts. Archie Hunt was injured internally and had to be taken home. Mr. Palmer had hold of the lines himself when

Street Fight Between Editors. ELKHART, Md., Nov. 24 .- Mr. Henry R. Torbut, editor of the Cecil Whig, and Dr. J. H. Frazier, editor of the Cecil News, had a personal controversy in the street this afternoon. Dr. Frazier met Mr. Torbut and some words passed. Frazier demanded an apology for an article which appeared in to-day's issue of the Whig. This Mr. Torbut refused to make and Frazier struck him on the head with his fist After making a few passes at each other Torbut planted his fist on the Doctor's nese. They then clinched, and Frazier, stumbling over a lot of lumber in the street, threw Torbut over him to the pavement on his back. When Torbut turned over and was about to get up Frazier got on his back and hit him a few blows on the back of his head. A number of

the accident occured.

citizens then rushed up and separated them.

An American's Good Fortune. KALAMAZOO, Mich., Nov. 24 .- Leonetto Cipriani from Baltimore, is in Kalamazoo. He is a cousin of the Misses Cipriani, daughters of General Cipriani, of the Italian army. He is here to secure the signature of the Misses Cipriana to certain papers that he may obtain possession of a large Italian estate recently left him on the death of his father, an Italian count. The estate is said to be over \$25,000,000. His grandfather left an immense fortune to several heirs, but his father, the eldest son, succeeded in getting and holding the major portion. The estate now descends to Leonetto, the only son, who says that he will divide it as his grandfather intended. He has received passports, and will soon start for Italy to settle the estate. Young Cipriana is an American by birth.

Half a Million Damages Demanded. CHICAGO, Nov. 24 .- A suit for \$250,000 damages was instituted against the Chicago Times Company,

in the Superior Court, to-day, by the Consolidated Rapid Transit and Elevated Railroad Company. The suit is for alleged libel for the publication of a leading editorial in the Times, this morning, charging in stronger language than before, that the Consolidated company is a corruptionist, and has bought up the City Council. This is the second suit for a like amount begun by the same company, against the same paper and on the same grounds, within the present week, making an aggregate of a half million damages sought to be recovered. No Hope for Mrs. Gould.

NEW YGEK, Nov. 24.—Speaking of the condition of Mrs. Jay Gould, Dr. Baldwin, the lady's physician, remarked this morning that there were a great many exaggerated sta ements published, and added: "It is partly true that Mrs. Gould suffered a relapse yesterday, but the symptoms of the sufferer do not warrant those exaggerated reports. All that can be said now is that Mrs. Gould spent a quiet night last night, and is resting much easier to-day. This does not indicate any material change in the lady's condition, however, and it is only a question of a few days when the end must come.

National Editorial Association.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Nov. 24 .- The National Edi torial Association decided to hold the next convention at Detroit, Mich., in August or September 1889, the exact date to be fixed by the executive committee. The election of officers resulted as follows: J. R. Bettis, Arkansas, president; R. D. Hicks, Missouri, first vice-president; N. B. McCormick, Alabama, second vice-president; L. P. Stanley. Alabama, third vice-president; William Kennedy, Pennsylvania. and E. P. Fletcher, Illinois, corresponding secretaries; A. H. Harry, Illinois, treasurer.

Business Man Charged with Forgery. FARMINGTON, Me. Nov. 24 .- A great sensation was caused in business circles here this evening by the arrest of George W. Russell, of Wilton, on a charge of uttering forged papers. Russell has for several years been doing a large business in manufacturing shovel-handles, most of which have been sold to the Oaks Ames Company, of Boston. Mr.

Russell is about sixty years of age. It is said he

raised money to carry on his business by notes at the

banks, and has obtained some \$7,000, his notes bear-

ing Oaks Ames's name as surety showing a forged sig-The Fourth Maryland District. BALTIMORE, Nov. 24 .- The examination of the returns from many wards of the Fourth congressional district has, it is said, revealed errors and inaccuracies in the counting of votes. The vote of this precitne was Stockbridge (Rep.), 262: Rayner (Dem.), 135. Should this precinct be thrown out it would sweep away Stockbridge's plurality in the entire district. Mr. Rayner will abide by the decision of Governor Jackson, whatever that may be, and will not contest

the seat in the next Congress. He Left His Debts.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24 .- Walter J. Booth, of West Grove, Pa., one of the most widely-known and copular young business men of Chester county, has disappeared, leaving behind him nearly \$14,000 in unsecured debts, and some forged notes. It is estievening, Col. Elliott F. Shepberd and Robert P. mated that Booth's total liabilities will amount to ter, of New York, were appointed on the finance \$10,000. A GOOD GAME OF FOOT-BALL.

The Yale College Boys Defeat Princeton by a Score of 10 to 0. New York, Nov. 24.-Yale won the foot-ball game with Princeton at the Polo grounds this afternoon, by a score of 10 to 0. About 18,000 persons were present, the great majority being Yale sympathizers. There was a great deal of orange and black in the sea of blue, however, and Princeton did not lack for cheering when the players gained temporary advantage. Bull, the full-back of the Yales, kicked two goals, one in each half. Each of his achievements aroused the wildest enthusiasm on the grand-stand, bleaching boards, and on the stages about the field. The ladies, vied with the able-lunged collegians in cheering the clubs whose colors they wore. Princeton played a rush game, and Yale a kicking game. Princeton came on the field first, and was given a vociferous welcome, but Yale's advent caused a tremendous roar. The game began without delay. Princeton taking the ball and the west side of the field. The play-

ers were: Yales-Wallace, Gill, Woodruff, Corbin, Rhoades, Heffinger, Stagg, rushers; Wurtenberg, quarterback; McClung, Graves, half-backs; Bull, full-back. Princeton-Hodge, Cook, Janeway, George, Irvine, Cowan, Boraiard, rushers; R. Hodge, quarter-back; Black, Channing, half-backs; Ames, full-back. Referee-W. A. Brooks, Harvard.

Umpire-F. Fisk, Harvard. Ames got the ball and ran toward Yale's goal but was buried out of sight by the blue-clad line which bore down upon him. A succession of scrimmages followed. Ames punted and Buil downed the ball on the twenty-yards line. Princeton regained the ball, and another punt was made by Ames. Magili made a second rush and had the ball back on the twenty-yards line. From Wortenberg the ball passed to Bull, who, with another punt, put it in the middle of the field again. During the first twenty minutes the advantage was first on one side and then on the other. Bull's work and Graves's running were features. Princeton had a slight gain, when a brilliant kick by Bull from the field forced the ball over Princeton's goal. Score: Yale, 5: Princeton, 0. When time was called Bull had caused a down on Princeton's fiveyards line.

by McClung and a rush by Cowan, the ball was fifteen yards away. Princeton gained the ball on a fumble, but Yale forced it back on Princeton's twenty-five-yard line. Princeton had the ball most of the time and its rush line was a grand one. The playing was rough, and falls and scrimmages were many. Graves made some beautiful runs, one almost to Princeton's goal. The ball went outside several times, but Yale finally got it back to Princeton's line, and Bull, by a splendid kick, sent it over the goal, making the score: Yale, 10; Princeton, 0. Play was resumed in mid-field again, but in a few moments the game was called. Cowan was retired in the first half for slugging, and Wurtemburg was disqualified in the second half for the same offense. Rhoades received slight in-

In the second half, after a dribble and a rush

Arranging for Prize-Fights.

juries in a scrimmage, but was able to continue

CHICAGO, Nov. 24 .- W. R. Vice, chairman of the committee on boxing of the San Francisco Athletic Club, passed through the city last evening on his way to New York, where he goes to complete, if possible, arrangements for a meeting between Jack Dempsey and Charley Mitchell. Mr. Vice is authorized by the club to offer a purse of from \$5,000 to \$7,000, only stipulating that the fight shall take place in the club's rooms and be to a finish.

BOSTON, Nov. 24 .- John L. Sullivan has offered to give Charlie Mitchell \$1,500 if the latter will stand up before him for eight rounds with gloves, the match to occur within five weeks. A Philadelphia dispatch says: Charlie Mitchell, the English pugilist, who is now in the city, when shown the Boston dispatch apnouncing John L. Sullivan's offer of \$1,500 to Mitchell to stand up eight rounds n front of him in a public glove contest, said: don't want to take advantage of the man; he is sic He must have had bad advisers. My advice to him would be to lay off for five years, instead of five months, and by that time he might regain his old form. However, if he wants to have a go, I am willing to meet him, and what is more, I will give him \$1,500 if he will stand up against me for eight

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.-Jack McAuliffe, light-weight champion, to day accepted the challenge of Jemmy Carney, the English light-weight champion, to fight for £1.000, and posted £200 forfeit. McAuliffe says he will fight according to London or Queensbury rules for from \$5,000 up. He will give Carney £100 expenses to fight in America, and will meet him three months from the date he, McAuliffe, fights Billy Myers.

Racing at New Orleans. NEW OBLEARS, Nov. 24 .- This was the third day of the fall meeting of the Louisiana Jockey Club. The weather was clear and pleasant and the track in

First Race Three fourths of a mile. Fred Wooley won in 1:14; Duhme second, Bertha third. Second Race-Five-eighths of a mile. Luke Dart won in 1:04; Fred Wooley second. Third Race-One-half mile. Monita Hardy won in :51; Pauline second, Alpena third. Fourth Race-Seven-eighths of a mile. Roi d'Or won in 1:32; Erebus second, Governor third. It being apparent that Erebus was pulled from the start, all bets were declared off, and jockey Moore was

Teemer Defeated by O'Connor. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.-The three-mile race for the championship of America and \$5,000. between Teemer, of Pennsylvania, and O'Connor, of Canada, was rowed on the Potomac this afternoon, and easily won by O'Connor. The Canadian took the lead at the start and kept it throughout, winning by six lengths. The winner's time was 21:29. The cor ditions under which the race was rowed were not altogether favorable.

Short-Stop Ward Goes to Washington. NEW YORK, Nov. 24 .- It is officially announced that Short-stop Ward, of the New York base ball club, has been sold to the Washington club for

Verdict Against a Railroad. oecial to the Indianapolis Journay

MATTOON, Ill., Nov. 24 .- In the Coles County Court, to-doy, the case of Isaac McPherson vs. the Peoria, Decatur & Evansville Railway Company resulted in a verdict of \$1,200 for the plaintiff. Me Pherson sustained injuries by falling through a defective bridge on the company's right of way. The case of Lumpkin vs. Craig resulted in a verdict f 1 cent for plaintiff, who sued to recover on a bond, signed by I. B. Craig.

Jenny Electric-Light-Works Will Rebuild. Special to the Indianapolis Journal FORT WAYNE, Ind., Nov. 24 .- R. T. McDonald, general manager of the Fort Wayne Jenny Electriclight Company, returned from New York, to-day. states that the company will rebuild its works re at once. The company has a minor factory at Plymouth. Ind., and this will be immediately enlarged order to accommodate the orders that have been

already accepted. Will Attend the Inauguration Ceremonies. Special to the Indianapolis Journal MONTICELLO, Ill., Nov. 24 .- The Republican Club. of Decatur, Ill., has decided to keep up a permanent organization and has rented rooms. They will secure

a special train and, with Goodman's celebrated band and their famous glee club, will attend the inaugura-tion of General Harrison, taking part in the parade on that occasion. Two Children Burned to Death. WATERLOO, Ia., Nov. 24.-The house of Carl Woebbesing, a farmer living near here, caught fire vesterday while Woebbeking and his wife were in the

corn-field. In the house at the time were three children, a boy and a girl, aged respectively seven and four years, and a baby six months old. The parents discovered the fire in time to rescue the babe, but the other two children were suffocated by inhaling the smoke. The baby was also nearly dead when rescued

Steamship News.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 24 .- Arrived: Zaandam, from New York. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—Arrived: Lord Clive. from Liverpool. LONDON, Nov. 24 .- Off Scilly light: Gascogne, from New York to Havre. NEW YORK, Nov. 24 .- Arrived: Celtic and City of

Found Guilty of Gambling.

Richmond, from Liverpool; Pennsylvania and Her-

mann, from Antwerp.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MARTINSVILLE, Ind., Nov. 21 .- In the case of the State of Indiana vs. William Cox, of this city, a young man of some promise, for gambling, the jury has returned a verdict of guilty, assessing a fine and he is now confined to the county jail.

Mrs. Amanda Truitt killed two of her young children with a hatchet and then cut her throat with a butcher-knife. No details are given, but it is supposed that the unfortunate woman was demented.

Horrible Tragedy in Missourt.

OZARK, Mo., Nov. 24 .- A horrible tragedy occurred

twenty miles south of this place, in Taney county

Convicts Whipped. WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 24.-Three white and one negro convict were whipped at Newcastle this morning for larcenies and burglaries. They took from five to twenty lashes each, lightly laid. About

250 spectators were present. Peculiar Fatal Accident to Two Boys. STEWARTSVILLE, Posey County, Nov. 24 .- An accident occurred Thursday afternoon on the farm of Mr. Malcolm Lawton, six miles from this place, in which Mr. Lawton's son Ned. aged sixteen years, was almost instantly killed, and Frank Metler, a neighbor, seventeen years of age, was so seriously injured that I also took his departure, with others more or less

be cannot recover. The boys were up in a pecan tree, threshing off pecans, when the limb on which Metler stood broke, letting him fall to the ground. The limb, in falling, struck Lawton, knocking him from his position where he was standing below his companion Falling to the ground he alighted on his head, breaking his neck, causing his death in a few moments. Metler was injured internally, and his physician says rooms, and positively declined to be interviewed. he cannot recover.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Charles C. Corbett, one of the editors of the Provi dence Dispatch, has been arrested upon a civil suit for libel brought by J. F. Moore for \$10,000. Gen. John Newton, of New York, who has been for the past three years commissioner of public works, resigned yesterday. His resignation takes effect immediately.

Harry and Oscar Brownell, aged eighteen and four teen, were drowned in Selly's Lake, near Greeley, Col., yesterday, while duck-hunting. Their boat was accidentally capsized. By the explosion of dynamite at Thompson's mills,

near Schuylerville, Saratoga county, New York, yesterday, six men were blown up. Two were killed and the other four are unconscious. President Bradford Raymond, of Lawrence Uniersity, has been tendered the presidency of Wesevan University at Middletown, Sonn. It is be-

Emma Boch, who was shot on Tuesday last by James Nolan, her discarded lover, died in Bellevne Hospital, New York, yesterday. Nolan, in his fury, fired five shots at the woman, all of which took effect. The general committee of church extension of the M. E. Church finished its labors in Philadelphia vesterday, and adjourned to meet in St. Louis next year. Liberal appropriations were voted to the conferences. It is believed that during the coming session of Parliament the Canadian government will enact legislation restricting Chinese immigration. Two hundred and forty Chinamen arrived in British Columbia

lieved the offer will be accepted.

The body of John F. Pflomo, the murderer of Mrs. Kate O. Melisch, has been found in the woods in Todd county, Minnesota, with the throat cut from ear to ear. It is thought that he committed suicide from fear of being captured.

Albert Haunstine, the man who murdered schooldirectors Roten and Ashley at Cozad, Neb., Nov. 6. afterward hiding the bodies in a hay-stack, was captured on Monday. The prisoner admitted his guit but gave no reason for the murder. Cashier Barker, of the Argentine, Kan., Bank, was robbed of \$1,000 Friday, on a street car. He had just drawn the money from bank. The perpetrators

are supposed to be four well-dressed young men and are believed to be the ones who robbed a man of \$500 in daylight on the street the day before. Frank Dodge, a barber at Morton, Minn., was found dead at Redwood Falls, yesterday morning, in Bridge street, with a bullet wound in his head. His hair was singed by the discharge of the weapon. A gold watch and some money was found on his person,

indicating some other motive than robbery. At Waterbury, Conn., yesterday, Judge Andrews, n the Superior Court, overruled the demurrers of the defendant in the celebrated Bridgeport-Hotchkiss will case, involving an estate of \$12,000,000. This removes all the technical defenses, and allows the case to go before the Superior Court on its merits. The cold snap wrought great destruction in Delaware and Pequest valleys, New Jersey. Thousands of bushels of apples were frozen, and hundred of dollars' worth of celery was destroyed. Acres of celery on the great Pequest meadows were frozen in and rendered valueless. Ica formed on the bonds to the thickness of two and one-half inches. The mercury registered ten degrees above zero.

John Roche and Patrick Cavanagh, at work on the chimney of the new Pacific mills, at Lawrence, Mass., fell 120 feet with the elevator at noon yesterday. The timbers holding the block to which the elevator was attached broke from their fastenings and the men went down with the frame. Thomas Ford, who was just about to take the elevator, was left clinging to the staging, and escaped injury.

Losses by Fire.

BOSTON, Nov. 24 .- The wire-works of Morse & Whyte, on Commonwealth avenue, Brookline, were burned. Loss, \$50,000; probably fully insured. CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—The confectionery works of J. Neems & Co., 28 Michigan avenue, were damaged by fire to the extent of \$25,000 this morning. In-

MONTBEAL, Nov. 24 .- The large carpentering establishment and lumber-yard of J. & E. Roberts were destroyed by tire last night. The loss is estimated at \$25,000 on building and stock. SELMA, Ala., Nov. 24 .- A special tells of the burn-

ing of the Judson Female Institute, this afternoon, one of the best female colleges in the State. Loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$25,000. FINDLAY, Q., Nov. 24 .- A fire, this morning, de stroyed the three four-story brick blocks of Ruhe Brothers, Frey & Son, and Adams & Co. The lose

was \$100,000 and the insurance \$50,000. The safe in Ruhe Brothers' store was blown open and \$800 taken, and the burglars are supposed to have set the building on fire, whether intentionally or accidentally is not yet known. MOUNT MORRIS, Mich., Nov. 24.—An attempt was made shortly after midnight to burn the Kennedy House, but the fire was discovered before much dam age had been done. Had it not been for the timely discovery the chances are that all the business places

on the west side of the village would have been burned. This is the second attempt within four months to burn this hotel. There is no clew to the fire-bug.

Business Embarrassments. KANSAS CITY, Nov. 24 -G. O. L. Sauer, a commission dealer, assigned to-day. The assets are \$70,-000 and the liabilities \$42,000. The cause was slow collections, and the business will undoubtedly be

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.-Wm. Larazer & Son. wholesale dealers in foreign fruits and fancy groceries, assigned this afternoon. The liabilities are be-tween \$50,000 and \$60,000, the nominal assetts being from \$75,000 to \$80,000, consisting of outstanding book accounts and stock of goods on hand. READING, Pa., Nov. 24.—The failure is announced here, this afternoon, of Daniel N. Kemmerer, of Olv township, this county, who was at one time one of the wealthiest farmers in Berks county. The sheriff levied on Keinmerer's property, and this afternoon advertised it for sale. It includes three or four of the finest farms in this section, a total of 890 acres. The failure is owing to inability to compete with Western

wheat-growers. Important Insurance Decision.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Nov. 24 .- The case of th Union Compress Company, of Little Rock, vs. the London, Liverpool and Globe, and twenty-seven other insurance companies, was decided in the United States Court here to-day. It is a very important suit, involving the status of cotton policies. The litigation grew out of the refusal of insurance companies to pay insurance on cotton destroyed in the burning of the Union Compress building, in November, 1887. Some 4,000 bales of cotton were burned, upon which policies had been taken out by the compress company to protect the interests of the railroads who had issued balls of lading for the shipment of the cotton, as well as to insure themselves against loss. here was a clause in the policies making them voice in case rearine insurance was taken out on the cotton. Marine insurance was taken out by the consignees, but not by the compress company, and the insurance companies would not recognize the policies, as a result, clairaing that they were void. The amount sued for was \$142,000. The jury rendered a verdict for that

amount in favor of the compress company. /

Cashier Tailman's Methods. CHICAGO, Nov. 24 .- The grand jury to-day entered apon an investigation of the methods of Cashier Taliman, of the defunct 'Traders' Bank. The prose cuting witness in the case is a business man who, a day or two before the failure, deposited \$3,000 in the bank. The statute under which the action is taken provides that any banker who shall receive money of deposit, knowing that his bank is insolvent, shall be deemed guilty of embezzlement. The statute further states that the failure of a bank within thirty days after the receipt of a deposit shall be considered prima facie evidence of embezzlement. The Traders Bank, on the day before it went into the hands of a receiver, took in \$90,000 in deposits, it is said. Mr Tallman, who was a part owner of the bank, has managed its affairs for a long time, owing to the ill ness of Banker Rutter. It is understood that about \$300,000 was deposited in the bank within thirty days before the collapse. The penalty for the offense is a fine of double the amount received, and imprison-

Carnegie and Home Rule.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 24 .- In reply to a letter from Dr. J. Legan, of this city, asking Andrew Carnegie to come here and deliver a lecture, this or next month, before the Gladstone-Parnell Club, on the issues be tween the Tories and the Liberals, Mr. Carnegie has responded as follows: "NEW YORK, Nov. 21, 1888. "J. Logan, Esq.: Dear Sir-Many thanks to the club for their kind invitation, but it is really not in

my power to comply at present. Some of these days an opportunity will arise for a great meeting. Parnel will be acquitted and beat the Times, or a general election will come, and then will be the time to strike home and send over resolutions to Parnell, Gladstone, Morley, and the others I may be in a position to help you then. Meanwhile, you had better put my name on the subscription list for as much as any other one subscribes. Very truly yours. 'ANDREW CARNEGIE.'

A Subterranean River in Minnesota. DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 24 .- A sink-hole has been discovered on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, at Mission creek, a few miles south of Hinckley, by workmen who were raising the grade. Soon after the fill-

ing began the track sunk nearly out of sight. The track must have been sustained on a mass of rocks and vegetable matter floating on the water below, and the additional weight put on the mass broke down the support. For three weeks past more than one hundred car-loads of filling a day have been dumped into a space not more than ninety feet wide, and the track is in fair shape again at this point, but another spot a short distance away is sinking out line. The surface of the swamp is seamed and cracked in all directions, and in some places upheaved and turned completely over. In one place a pile of ties has been carried forty feet away. In holes that have been opened sounding lines have been dropped down tairty-five feet without finding bottom, and a number of curious specimens of fish have been caught. It is believed there is a subterranean river, as the fish caught do not live in the swamp pools.

The English Are Going.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24 .- This is evacuation day, and the English are going with a vengeance. Lord Sack-ville West, the late British minister at Washington, has already taken his departure. His daughters, who endeared themselves to the people of Washington, accompanied him. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, of fisheries-treaty fame, has gone, and taken with him his young American bride. The Hon. A. S. Northcote

noted in the annals of English fame. The Hon. Thomas M. Walter, consul-general to London, sailed on a different ship, presumably to show that his American feelings prevailed over his solicitude for the others that were, by force of circumstances, compelled to go home. The prominent Englishmen who left to-day kept strictly to the seclusion of their state-

> DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN. Indications.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24. For Ohio Indiana and Illinois-Fair; station ary temperature; variable winds. For Michigan and Wisconsin-Fair, except in extreme northern portions local snows; stationary temperature; southeasterly winds.

Local Weather Report.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 24. Time. | Bar. | Ther. R. H. | Wind. | Weather | Prec 7 A. M... 30.46 30 90 East. Clear. 2 P. M... 30.40 50 57 N'wst Clear. 7 P. M... 30.43 45 59 N'wst Clear. Maximum thermometer, 51; minimum thermome-

Following is a comparative statement of the condition of temperature and precipitation on Nov. 24 1888: Normal.... Mean.... 0.00 -0.12 *2.13 Total excess or deficiency since Jan. 1-908

General Observations.

INDIANAPOLIS. Nov. 24-7 P. M.

Bar- Thermometer. Preter. Exp. Min. Max tac'n New York city... 30.38 36 30 52..... Buffalo, N. Y... 30.40 36 28 42..... Phitadelphia, Pa... 30.36 36 28 40 T Pittsburg, Pa... 30.34 40 28 48.... Washington, D.C. 30.36 38 30 44 Charleston, S. C. 30.06 48 42 54 Charleston. S. C. 30.06 48 42 54 ... 30.28 48 32 56 ... Jacksonville, Fla. 30.12 52 40 60 ... Pensacola, Fla. 30.26 52 40 62 ... Montgomery, Ala 30.28 52 36 60 ... Vicksburg, Miss. 30.36 54 36 62 ... New Orleans, La. 30.32 56 44 62 ... Clear. Galveston, Tex. 30.40 52 36 58 ... 30.36 56 50 60 Cloudy San Antonio, Tex 30.38 52 44 56 ... T Kain. Memphis, Tenn.. 30.40 50 38 58... Nashville, Tenn.. 30.36 50 32 56... Louisville, Ky.... 30.40 50 34 60 ... Indianapolis, Ind. 30.44 44 30 50 ... Indianapolis, Ind. 30.44 44 30 50 Cincinnati, O.... 30.38 46 32 50 Clear. Clear. Milwaukee, Wis. 30.48 40 30 Duluth, Minn.... 30.52 34 30 36 Fair. St. Paul, Minn.... 30.44 36 24 44 Fair. Morehead, Minn. 30.38 26 12 42 Clear. St. Vincent, Minn 30.36 24 24 30 Clear. Davenport, Ia.... 30.46 40 26 48 Clear. Dubuque, Ia..... 30.48 36 24 46 Clear. Des Moines, Ia... 30.44 46 22 56 Clear. St. Louis, Mo.... 30.46 48 36 52 Clear. Kansas City, Mo. 30.48 48 32 56 Clear. Fort Sill, Ind. T. Dodge City, Kan. 30.44 42 34 Omaha, Neb 30.42 48 30 North Platte, Neb 30.38 40 18 58 .. . Clear. Valentine, Neb. 48 28 70 Clear. Yankton, D. T. ... 30.32 46 20 60 ... Ft. Sully, D. T. .. | 30.28 | 36 | 16 | 48 |... . Clear. Bismarck, D. T. . 30.30 34 18 44 ... Ft. Buford, D. T. 30.20 36 18 42 ... P. Arthur's L'd'g. 30.50 32 28 34 ... Qu'Apelle, N.W.T 30.24 22 22 32 ... Ft.As'nab'ne.M.T 30.18 24 20 30 ... Helena, M. T.... 30.28 26 16 34 ... Boise City, I. T.. 30.20 40 34 50 ... Clear Chevenne, W. T., 30.40 34 22 56 .. Ft.M'Kn'ny, W.T.
Denver, Col. 30.38 44 22 56 Clear. . 30.38 44 18 56 Clear. Salt Lake City 30.22 42 22 54 Fair. Salt Lake City 30.12 46 34 52 Fair. Ft. Washakie, Wy 30.38 20 14 36 Clear.

T-Trace of precipitation.

A Philadelphian's Great Benevolence. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24 .- I. V. Williamson, the aged philanthropist, who has decided to devote \$12,-000,000 of his enormous fortune for the establishment of a great industrial school for boys, has completed his arrangements, and to-day took the first step in the direction of establishing the school by selecting a board of seven trustees, all of whom are well-known business men. A meeting between Mr. Williamson and these gentlemen was held to-day, and the plans were discussed in detail, but they were not given to the public. The trustees will have entire charge of the plans, as Mr. Williamson's great age would not permit of his active participation in the management of the proposed institution, which will be as the "Williamson Free School Mechanical Trades." It will be devoted the education of boys in the old-fasioned trades. It is not confined to orphan boys, but will be opened to all with or without the parents' consent. Neither is there any restriction as to religion or race. The school is to be located in the city of Philadelphia or the immediate vicinity.

Obituary. Special to the Indianapolis Journal SPICELAND, Ind., Nov. 24.-John Unthank, aged sixty-two years, died last night. He was a well known hotel-keeper and business man of this place. TROY, N. Y., Nov. 24 .- Commodore Cicero Price United States navy, died here this evening. pneumonia. He was nearly sixty-three years old. His oldest daughter, Lillie, was married to Louis Hammersley, of New York, who died a few years ago. She

is now the Duchess of Marlborough, having recently married the Duke. GREENSBURG, Ind., Nov. 24.-Nathaniel Patton died this morning at his residence, four miles north of town, at the age of seventy-nine years. He was a stockholder and director of the First National Bank, also a large shareholder in the Greensburg Limestone Company. He was well known and much respected for his integrity and many ster-

ling qualities. The funeral will be held on Monday at 11 o'clock.

The White Caps in Ohio. WINCHESTER, O., Nov. 24.—The White Caps visited Taylorsville and Mowerytown, two small villages near Sardinia, Thursday night, and posted in a conspicuous place notice of warning and threatening vengeance to any person or persons who may try to use their energy or influence against them or their rder. Things are at white heat in all that part of the country, and the citizens are almost demoralized. Unless some steps are taken soon to put a stop to this work there will be serious trouble.

Marshal Killed by a Drunken Man. LEMARS, Ia., Nov. 24.—City Marshal George Hampton was shot and instantly killed, this morning, by John Gaynor, aged twenty-three. Gaynor and three companions were out for a lark. All were intoxicated and the marshal undertook to arrest them. Gaynor fled the town, but has been captured.

Strikes Are Not a Legal Excuse. NEW YORK, Nov. 24 .- Judge Francis A. Macomber. of the Seventh district, who sat with Judges Van Brunt and Bartlett in general term, first department has written an opinion holding that strikes are not

legal excuses for failures to complete contracts.

Mills to Resume Work. READING, Pa., Nov. 24 .- Pennock's rolling-mill at Coatesville, which has been idle the entire year, will resume operations at once with a full complement of hands, and the Biadiut rolling-mill, at the same place, which has been running on half time, will commense

running full time. Changed by a Child's Kiss.

Youth's Companion. "The wolf shall also dwell with the lamb, and the leopard shall lie down with the kid; and the calf, and the young lion and the fatling together; and a little child shall lead them"-so says the Hebrew prophet, illustrating thereby the nature of the moral revolution through which the earth is to be renewed. The prophet's meaning is fulfilled by this tender scene parrated by an exchange:

In a certain prison there is a man whom we shall call Jim, and who is a prisoner on a lifeseptence. Up to last spring he was regarded as a desperate, dangerous man, ready for rebellion at any hour. He planned a general outbreak and was be-

trayed by one of his fellow-conspirators. He

plotted another rebellion, and was again betrayed. He then kept his counsel. While never refusing to obey orders, he obeyed them like a man who only needed backing to make him refuse to do so. One day in June a party of strangers came to the institution. One of them was an old gentleman, the others ladies, and two of the ladies had small children. The guide took one of the

the party began climbing stairs. Jim was working near by, sulky and morose as ever, when the guide said to him: "Jim, won't you help this little girl up-stairs!" The convict besitated, a scowl on his face; and the little girl held out her hands and said: 'If you will I guess I'll kiss you.'

His scowl vanished in an instant, and he

children on his arm and the other walked until

lifted the child as tenderly as a father could have done. Half-way up the stairs she kissed At the head of the stairs she said: "Now, you've got to kiss me, too." He blushed like a woman, looked into her in nocent face, and then kissed her cheek; and be-

fore he reached the foot of the stairs again the man had tears in his eyes. Ever since that day he has been a changed man, and no prisoner gives less trouble than he. Perhaps he has a little Katie of his own. No one knows, for he never reveals his inner life; but the change so quickly wrought by a child proves that there is a way by which even he may be reached-perhaps rescued from destruc-

A LETTER FROM CHINESE GORDON. Picked Up in the Street of an Australian

Town.

South Australian Register, Oct. 1. On Friday morning Mr. Alfred Mallyon, accountant to Messrs. Styles & Co., at Kadina, picked up in the street what there is every renson to believe is an original letter written by General Gordon in Khartoum, on July 31, 1884. Mr. Maliyon presumes that it is addressed to the British government. How it has reached here is a mystery. The only solution that appears feasible just now is that lately a number of Arab hawkers have been in the town, and on Friday four were seen close to the spot where the letter was picked up. The sheet was the latter part of the letter, and was much mutilated, having the appearance of being carried in the pocket. The signature has been compared with General Gordon's autograph, and found to correspond in every particular. I am telegraphing contents so far as can be deciphered. The blanks correspond with the side of the sheet

which is mutilated. The first side reads: "---if I could make any---all the good men were killed with-Arabs; five well. Two of our steamers, which are bloc-in their hulls respectively. Since our defeat 16-3-84-fifty or sixty wounded, which is very little. I should think we have cartridges. The conduct of the people and troops has been excellent. I was -proclamation liberating the slaves of those in arms, but have had difficulty in doing so for fear of complications. I have great trust that God will bring us out triumphantly and with no great loss on either side. We hear queer—as to fall of Berber. Arabs captured there all of Stewarts hussar uniform, and-edal's, etc., etc. It may be bad taste to say it, but if we get out of this give Stewart's --- and spare me at all cost. You will then save me the disagreeablenees of-refuse, but I hate these things. If we get out it is in answer to prayer, and-your might, and it is a true pleasure to have been here, though painful enough at - Stewart's journal is copious. I only hope that will get down to you when I send —. Wish W. O. would pay my brother £200 of my pay. Land mines are the things for defense in the future. We have covered the works with them, and they have deferred all attacks and done much execu-

"Since 30-3-84, date of your Cairo dispatch. we have had no news from you. Sayd Mahomet Osman, of Kasala, ought to be the route for your dispatches, and you to give him a present of £500, for he saved Kasala. We have made decoration with these degrees-silver gilt, silver and pewter, with inscription, 'Siege of Khartoum,' with a grenade in the center. School children and women have also received one, consequently I am very popular with the black ladies of Khartoum. We the amount of £26,000, and borrowed £50,000 from

have issued paper notes to merchants, which you will have to meet. I have lent in addition £8,000 paper notes to Linuear. What Kasala is doing for money I do not know. Of course we only get taxes paid in lead, so you are running a good bill here. The troops and people are full of heart. I cannot say that the . T. O. on the opposite side is written -. Where is the word. Kind regards to him, andwhy write in cipher? It is useless for Arabs. Has—You say your policy is to abandon Soudan. So be it. To do that must take down Egyptian population-. The Arabs do not see. According to all accounts 5,000-massacred at Berber. (Here two lines struck out.) ---. All is for the best. (Other two lines struck out.) I will conclude in saying we will defend ourselves to the last; that I will-leave Khartoum; that I will try and persuade all Europeans to escape; that I am still sanguine that by some means not clear God will cive us an issue. The Arabs captured the money you gave me at Berber, but it is the only money which the Egyptian pashas have ground out of the Soudan since their occupation. What was result of your negotiations for opening road "31-7-81, Khartoum. "C. E. GORDON.

"P. S .- Reading over your telegram 55-84 you ask me to state cause and intention in stayng Khartoum knowing government means to abandon Soudan. In answer I say I stay at Khartoum because Arabs have shut us up and will not let us out. I also add that even if the road was open the people would not let me go unless I gave them some government or took them with me, which I could not do. No one would leave more willingly than I would if it was possible. C. E. GORDON."

EVOLVING THE BONE BUTTON. How a Most Important Factor of Our Appar-

ret Is Made and Finished for the Market.

The other day I happened to visit a small button factory and was greatly interested in seeing a tailor's bone button made, just such a one as you would find on your ulster or a tweed coat. First of all I was introduced to the raw material. which lay on the floor of a dark and dingy little workshop, in which a solitary workman was standing at his bench. "There," said the proprietor, pointing to what I took to be potatoes, "there you see what we call vegetable ivory. It comes from South America, and grows in clusters of half a dozen nuts. That is the first state of the button." We then went up to the workman who was cutting up the kernels of the nuts at a swiftly revolving circular saw, an operation requiring great dexterity, for a siip might cost him a finger. This is the first process. The kernel is easily extracted, the shell in which it is inclosed being very thin and fragile. Although the kernel is a nut it would take a very strong pair of jaws to crack it, and the teeth cannot touch it. The little white slabs which are cut out by the saws are taken to the next department, where the button is really formed in the series of lathes through which it is passed. The tool-maker, whose office is very important, works at one end of the room; the first lathe cuts out the button with the desired circumference, regulated by a series of gauges, the work being passed on to others for the rim and so on. Two women were drilling the four holes of the

buttons, this being done by taking up each one and subjecting it to the action of the fourprouged horizontal drills, doing their work with remarkable deftness and rapidity. The button, so far as its form goes, is finished. It now remains to do the polishing and dyeing. In another room are half a dozen hexagonal boxes revolving in an atmosphere of dust. They contain the buttous which are now being polished by the action of some hard powder, which is placed with them in the boxes. There is a secret in every trade, and the contents of the mixture with which the buttons are eventually stained are not divulged to the world. Down below I was taken into another room, in which there were scores of tins containing dyes, and many buckets holding chemical solutions. When the buttons are ready for receiving the dye they are placed on a tin tray, holding a gross. The dre is then blown on to them by a spray, which causes the liquid to fall very naturally. The trays are then put into a gas-heated oven, and afterwards put on to the cards ready for the market.

The Girl of To-Day.

New York Graphic

The girl of to-day is raised up in the parlor to be an ornament, and nothing more. She knows nothing of the kitchen; the place is a death-trap to her. She knows nothing of the art of cookery, and never proposes to learn the art, except circumstances force her to it; as, for instance, she marries some young blood who turns out to be poorer than a church mouse, and therefore she has to do without a cook; then she goes into the kitchen, and with a good deal of grunting and finger-burning, manages to scrape up a meal barely fit for a dog. Our girl belongs to the parlor. You can always find her there when she is not lying abed or shooting through the principal streets, flirting with drummers or fiashy-dressed clerks, who live miserably on a salary of \$400 a year. Her education consists of a few lessons in grammar, Latin, music and drawing. She contemplates nothing. A year after she graduates she remembers nothing but her school firtations. As a musician she is a nuisauce. She studies music not as an art, but as an accomplishment. The result is that she not only succeeds in murdering music, but the poor victims who are often compelled to listen to her are made sufferers too. She can dance, she can flirt, she can make love as no other girl in the wide world can; but when I have said that I have said all that can be said in her favor. She is beautiful, charming and always interesting; but she is an ornament, and you can make no more of ber. If you can afford to build a fine house, furnish it with rich and costly furniture, keep horses and carriages and a groom to keep them in order, by all means marry our girl. She can spend your money as the girl of no other country can. She can play queen to perfection, and will not only master your bousehold affairs. but master you. But if you are poor, don't do it. You cannot help falling into love with our girl, but study the expense you will be forced into in case you make her your wife; if you see you can't well make the race, can't keep her and the hired girl too, then take my advice and marry the bired girl.

Japan's Police System.

Tokio Correspondence Pittsburg Dispatch The policemen are paid from 7 to 15 Japanese dollars a month. Think of "the dandy coppers of the Broadway squad" getting 5 American dollars a month, or \$1.25 a week and board themselves. Still there are 5,000 policemen in Tokio, and the great majority of them receive less than \$2 a week. They seem more orderly than our American policemen, and their little Japanese forms are not half the size of those of our officials. They dress in white linen duck during the summer, and their natty clothes are of European cut. They wear caps instead of hats, and carry long swords instead of short clubs. All of them ; stances."

are good swordsmen, and the police have a drill of fencing, and have to be proficient in the use of the foils before they can go on the force. When they arrest a man they tie him up with ropes as well as handouff him, and, instead of grabbing his shoulder and pushing him to the station, they drag him along by the rope, There are thirty thousand of these policemen in Japan, and the Japanese system is organized after that of France. It has a large detective force, and the spy system is such that the government is kept very well posted as to what is going on politically as well as criminally. The police stations are scattered all over Tokio, and at the corners of the principal streets you will see little booth-like sheds in which one of these white-dressed officers sits. There are inspectors of police, constables and a commissioner-inchief. The latter receives about 2,700 American dollars per year, and the constables get from \$12 to \$14 per month.

OLD ROMANS IN TROUSERS.

A Singular Spectacle on the Pittsburg Stage When Warde Played Virginius.

Pittsburg Commercial Gazette. The opera-house presented a decided novelty, last evening, to those who were fortunate enough to be there during the earlier portion of the programme. Mr. Frederick Wards was to present that grand old tragedy, "Virginius." Somehow, the baggage of the company failed to

arrive at the theater in time. At 8:30 Mr. Warde appeared before the curtain and stated that the baggage would not be on hand for a little while, and if there was no objection, the first three acts of the play would be presented without the aid of Roman togas. This, he knew, would be trying to the audience, but' it would certainly be more so to the actors. Still, rather toan have a tedious wait, it could be done. The audience did not dissent, the curtain rose, and then followed the strangest presentation of the old Roman play ever witnessed

Icilius appeared in a two-button cutaway and a striped pair of trousers, with hair parted in the middle and a B. P. O. Elks' pin in his

necktie. Virginia (Adele Belgarde) was in a neat-fitting street-dress, which is evidently intended for duty between the hotel and stage door. Her hair was combed back, and a nice little Psyche knot, together with a comely face and pretty figure, made Virginia a welcome sight, even without the clinging robe of a Roman maiden. Cains Claudius has a rather good tailor, only the pants are a little short, and when he vowed eternal friendship for his villainious friend Appius his coat sleeves flow up to a degree that left a vawning chasm between bis shirt sleeve

cling fast. stretching to imagine the gray hairs that Appius that saved Dentatus, and as the latter didn't file a protest or make a single kick, the audi-

ence decided to let it go at that. with pure modern Virginius wrinkles. He never blanched, but went at his work with great fervor, really remarkable under the circum-

rious rushed in with a pice little red rose in his buttonhole and a pair of tronsers that were evidently not on speaking terms with his shoetops. Mr. Warde was determined the audience shouldn't have too violent a stretch of the imagination if he could help it. On his second entrance it was apparent he had made a discovery. In the recesses of the property-room he had found a Roman shield. He strode in triumphantly waving the shield and clung to it like a ship-wrecked sailor to a plank. True, it was old and battered, but a veteran warrior's shield is supposed to have seen service, and aside from the Roman nose of Marcus, it was the one link that connected this modern-dressed Virginius with the play that Sheridan Knowles created. Servia was a kind, matronly-looking lady, as

pumps were visible, but the costumes were as nothing to the make-up of the hair of the Roman Decemvirs and warriors-bair banged, bair black and hair white, in some instances very little hair at all. But the company, despite these little incidents, all bore themselves bravely, and gave conscientious rendering to every line. However, something was amiss. At first this wasn't apparent, but as the play progressed is was noticed the audience seemed to hunger.

act, and the contrast between the rather worn dresses of the nineteenth century and the brilliant togas and armor of the old Roman days was indeed striking. Speaking of it all Mr Warde said: "Never was I before so complimented by as

The Divine Comedy of Dante. There are two periods in the life of a highly cultivated man when the divine, or poetis afflatus seems to become the absorbing passion. First, in early manhood, when preparing his mind by hard study for his future battle of life. and again, after he has reaped the full reward of a well-spent and successful professional career, laid aside the decision of the highest court on his last brief and proposes to himself to enjoy his otium cum dignitati. He soon discovers, however, that his purposes is more ideal than real. The habits of a life, spent in methodical painstaking mental industry, cannot be so easily thrown off. The new life of ease with dignity becomes simply a change of occupation; and the early poetic taste is now grati-

fied at the cost of increased industry-agreeable

vanced life, to the poetic delights of youth seen more remarkably apparent than in the author of the two beautiful volumes before us, translated into English verses, with notes, by John Augustine Wilstach, of Lafayette, Ind., and just issued by the Riverside Press, Cambridge. Mr. Wilstach, after a most successful practice of his profession, the law, in which he attained the highest distinction, has, in the translation of the Divine Comedy, giving the English and American lovers of this greatest of all poets the denicts of a translation which for beauty and accuracy has never before been equaled. The most complete and exhaustive account of Dante Alighieri and his works is that of Professor Ferrazzi, published in 1871, and which. we believe, has never been translated into En-

in our American libraries. The translation by E. W. Parsons, of Boston, possesses merit, but has found a limited circulation. We confidently predict that this translation of Mr. Wilstach's will supersede all previous ones, by reason of its superior merits as a translation. its poetic purity, its copious explanatory notes, and admirable general arrangement, together

When Christine Nilsson first appeared in publie, twenty or more years ago, she was a bony

once illustrated at the bouse of a retired Chicago

in this country.

and the cuff, which made a heroic attempt to

Dentatus was all right. It required a little talked about, but as Appius said that was all When Mr. Warde strode in as Virginius in

nice Prince Albert coat and bair of chestnut brown, a little scant on top, his greeting was just as warm as if he had been an inch thick with grease paint and his visage all lined up stances. So earnest was he that every disposition to "gny" was suppressed and he held the closest attention. The audience didn't laugh even when Vumito-

Servia should be, and the absence of the toga did not destroy the illusion. Of course the audience could find a pleasant study for the eye in the variety of costumes. Sack coats, excursion trousers, Piccadilly collars and patent-leather

The noble Roman army was not there. The super captain had been busy for several days marshaling the army from the Point, from the South Side and from Limerick. Roman Lictors and Roman citizens were on hand promptly, but when Mr. Warde surveyed the motley gang creating bediam in the supper-room he sighed and

"I can stand actors doing the tragedy in nineteenth century garb, but I cannot thrust this on an audience already much afflicted. We will not have any lictors or decemvirs this eve. and the noble band, that looked like a Fifth ward Cleveland club the day after election, was mustered out of service. That is, all save one, and when Appius Claudius exclaimed: "Will you listen to this, my lictors!" the one noble lictor who had not lost his usual vocation, owing to the non arrival of the baggage, announced, with voice away down in his boots, "We do." The costumes arrived in time for the fourth

andience. There was not a smile, and we were listened to with the most respectful attention. However, I don't wan't to go through the ordeal

though it may be. In few authors has this recurrence, in adglish. Prof. Henry W. Longfellow's translation of the Divine Comedy is the one usually found

with its typographical excellence; and that it will become the standard English edition of the Divina Commedia.

A Story About Nilsson.

and freckled Scandinavian lass like scores one sees in Western towns. Now she is a magnificent woman, commanding in carriage and countenance. Occasionally her temper gets the better of her on the stage, and once, here in Chicago, she knocked over the piano stool and stamped angrily because something had gone wrong. If she proved herself ungrateful to former benefactors, retribution came quickly in the treatment which she met at the hands of her first husband's relations, upon whom she had lavished princely donations. She is a woman of noble impulse, which was

millionaire near New York. A distinguished company had been invited to meet her at dinner. On entering the dining-room she dropped hea host's arm, hurrying to amazement to the stately young butler, and seizing him effusively by the hand, engaged him in conversation, while the other guests stood waiting and the enter tainer looked on in astonishment. "That man," she explained to the group, when they were seated, "is the son of a kind old nobleman or whose estate my father worked as a day laborer when we were children. Fortune has smiled on me, while it has frowned on my old playmate, whom I find here under such changed circum